NEW CENTURY MATHS 11 MATHEMATICS STANDARD (PATHWAY 2)

FULLY WORKED SOLUTIONS

Practice paper 1

Section 1

Question 1

 $4ab + b^2 - 4b^2 = 4ab - 3ab + b^2 - 4b^2 = ab - 3b^2$: B

Question 2

A, C, D are all measurements.
∴ continuous.
B is number of tries. These can be counted and so it is discrete.
∴ B

Question 3

 $\frac{{}^{1}8t^{6}}{{}^{2}16t^{2}} = \frac{t^{6-2}}{2} = \frac{t^{4}}{2}$ $\therefore D$

Question 4

No. in Year 12 in sample = Fraction of Year 12 in school $\times 50$

$$= \frac{\text{Number in year 12}}{\text{Total number in school}} \times 50$$
$$= \frac{96}{(114+120+...+96)} \times 50$$
$$= \frac{96}{677} \times 50$$
$$= 7.09...$$

∴ B

Clustered means grouped together. So between 45 and 55. \therefore C

Question 6

5-2x = -6-2x = -11 $x = \frac{-11}{-2}$ $= 5\frac{1}{2}$ $\therefore B$

Question 7

v = u + at= 8+10×5 = 58 \therefore B

Question 8

No. of families = total of heights of columns = 3+6+12+4+2= 27 \therefore C

Question 9

```
Total of books sold = $29 \times 7200
= $208\ 800
Royalty = 12% of total money
= 0.12 \times $208\ 800
= $25\ 056
\therefore A
```

© Cengage Learning Australia Pty Ltd 2017 MATHS11WS17613 www.nelsonnet.com.au

Price with GST = \$137.50

$$110\% = \$137.50$$
$$1\% = \frac{\$137.50}{110}$$
$$100\% = \frac{\$137.50}{110} \times 100\%$$
$$= \$125$$

∴ D

Section 2

Question 11

a 9x-11 = 4x+79x = 4x+185x = 18 $x = \frac{18}{5}$ $x = 3\frac{3}{5}$

b i Missing value is in between 16 and 18. So, it could be 16 minutes, 17 minutes or 18 minutes.

- ii Counting all of the leaves∴ 19 patients
- iii Half an hour = 30 minutes So, counting number of leaves greater than 30. \therefore 4 out of the 19 patients waited longer than half an hour. So, % waited over half an hour = $\frac{4}{19} \times 100\%$ = 21.05...% $\approx 21.1\%$

iv Looking at first leaf: 2 minutes.

c i Weekly pay = $(38 + 2 \times 1.5) \times $25 = 1025

ii
$$\$452.25 = (12 + x \times 1.5) \times \$33.50$$

 $\frac{\$452.25}{\$33.50} = (12 + x \times 1.5)$
 $13.5 = 12 + 1.5x$
 $1.5 = 1.5x$
 $1 = x$
 \therefore Overtime hours = 1
 $\$1204.72 = (38 + 4 \times 1.5) \times x$

iii

\$1204.72 = (38 + 4×1.5)
\$1204.72 = 44x

$$\frac{$1204.72}{44} = x$$

x = 27.38
∴ Pay rate is \$27.38.

iv \$976.5 = (x + 3×1.5)×\$31
\$976.5 = (x + 4.5)×\$31
\$976.5 = 31x + 139.5
837 = 31x

$$x = \frac{837}{31}$$

 $x = 27$
∴ Normal hours = 27.

a 3(2p+5)-4(p+3) = 6p+15-4p-12= 2p+3

b Childs dose = $\frac{kA}{70}$ = $\frac{22 \times 20}{70}$ = 6.285... mL per day So $\frac{300 \text{ mL}}{70}$ = 47.7

c Holiday loading = 17.5% of 4 weeks pay
=
$$0.175 \times (4 \times \$925)$$

= $0.175 \times \$3700$
= $\$647.50$

- **d** Total sales = $\$10\ 000 + \$675\ 000 + \$408\ 600$ = $\$1\ 893\ 600$
 - ∴ Commission = 2% of \$1 893 600 = 0.02×\$1 893 600 = \$37 872
- **e i** Poor service and limited clothing sizes available.
 - ii True limited range was 4th whilst poor quality of material was 6th.
 - iii Train staff to provide good customer service, order more clothing sizes, reduce prices to compete with other stores, sell more men's and women's clothing.

a Number of hours =
$$\frac{0.026}{0.015}$$

= 1.73333... hours
= 1 h 44 min (Use DMS button)

b i As a measurement \rightarrow continuous

ii	Masses (kg)	Frequency
	40-<45	3
	45-<50	4
	50-<55	4
	55-<60	2
	60–<65	2
	65–<70	4
	70–<75	1



iv
$$\frac{7}{20} \times 100\% = 35\%$$

c Taxable income = Gross income – Tax deductions
=
$$(\$1874.60 \times 52) - \$2415$$

= $\$97 \ 479.20 - \2415
= $\$95 \ 064.20$
 $\approx \$95 \ 064$ (round down)

So, 4th row of income tax table: Tax payable = $$19\ 822 + 0.37 \times ($95\ 064 - $87\ 000)$ = \$22\ 805.68

50 - <55 4 55 - <60 2

